

## Instructions to the Authors

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### General Information

**The Journal of Orthodontic Science** invites manuscripts concerning technical and clinical studies related to health, ethical and social issues in the field of Orthodontics: Malocclusions, Craniofacial Growth, Biomaterials, Orthodontic Surgery, Craniofacial & Adult Anomalies. Articles with clinical interest and implications will be given preference. Original research, clinical observations and review articles as well as editorials, case reports and case reports are welcome. Articles are peer reviewed and subject to editorial revision. Statements and opinions expressed in articles are not necessarily those of the editor or publisher. The editor and publisher assume no responsibility or liability for such material. Please organize and enter your Original Article manuscript as per the instruction (see below).

**Open Access Publication and Publication Fees:** Manuscripts submitted to The Journal of Orthodontic Science are assumed to be submitted under the Open Access publishing model. In this publishing model, authors will not be subjected to the standard protocol of peer-review process under editorial control. Upon acceptance for publication a processing fee of USD \$400 will be payable from Jan 2018.

Published papers appear electronically and are freely available from our website. Authors may also use their published portable document format (PDF) for any non-commercial use on their personal or institutional websites.

**Publishing schedule:** Starting from 2018, the Journal of Orthodontic Science will adopt a continuous publication process whereby all accepted papers in the Journal would be published when they have completed the editorial process. Articles are made freely available on the journal's website immediately upon publication. Articles will be submitted to PMC upon publication in journals to be indexed in PubMed Central (PMC) to expedite the publication process of accepted articles.

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### Editorial Process

A manuscript will be reviewed for possible publication with the understanding that it is being submitted to The Journal of Orthodontic Science alone at that point in time and has not been published anywhere else or already accepted for publication elsewhere. The journal expects that authors would authorize one of them to correspond with the Journal for all matters related to the manuscript. All manuscripts received for consideration, editors review all submitted manuscripts initially for suitability for formal review. Manuscripts with insufficient originality, serious scientific or technical flaws, or lack of a significant message are not sent for formal peer-review. Manuscripts that are unlikely to be of interest to The Journal of Orthodontic Science readers are also liable to be rejected at this stage.

Manuscripts that are found suitable for publication in The Journal of Orthodontic Science are sent to two or more expert reviewers. During submission, the contributor is requested to provide names of two reviewers who have had experience in the subject of the submitted manuscript, but this is not mandatory. The reviewers should not be affiliated with the same institutes as the contributor/s. However, the selection of reviewers is at the discretion of the editor. The journal follows a double-blind review process, wherein the reviewers and authors are unaware of each other's identity. Every manuscript is also assigned to a member of the editorial board who oversees the process. The reviewers take a final decision on the manuscript. The comments and suggestions (acceptance/ rejection/ amendments in manuscript) received from reviewers are conveyed to the corresponding author. The corresponding author is requested to provide a point by point response to reviewers' comments and submit a revised version of the manuscript. This process is repeated till reviewers and editors are satisfied with the manuscript.

Manuscripts accepted for publication are copy edited for grammar, punctuation, print style, and format. Professional English Editing agency for grammar and spelling could be required again at this stage at the discretion of the corresponding author. The corresponding author is expected to return the corrected proofs within three days. It may not be possible to incorporate corrections received after that period. The whole process of editing, proofing, final decision and sending and receiving proofs is completed online. To achieve faster and greater dissemination of knowledge and information, the journal publishes articles online as 'Ahead of Print' in addition to the print version.

## Authorship Criteri

**Authorship credit should be based only on substantial contributions to each of the three components mentioned below:**

1. Concept and design of study or acquisition of data or analysis and interpretation of data;
2. Drafting the article or revising it critically for important intellectual content; and
3. Final approval of the version to be published.

Participation solely in the acquisition of funding or the collection of data does not justify authorship. General supervision of the research group is not sufficient for authorship. Each contributor should have and take public responsibility for appropriate portions of the content of the manuscript. The order of naming the contributors should be based on the relative contribution of the contributor towards the study. Once submitted the order cannot be changed without written consent of all the contributors. The Journal of Orthodontic Science prescribes a maximum number of authors for manuscripts depending upon the number of institutions involved (vide infra). The authors should provide a justification, if the number of authors exceeds these limits.

## Cover Letter

Put all information pertaining to the authors in this letter. Include the title of the article, full name(s) of the author(s), academic degrees, and institutional affiliations and positions; identify the corresponding author, telephone and fax numbers, and an e-mail address. This information will not be available to the reviewers and should be in separate file.

## Copyright Releases:

The following written statement, signed by one of the authors and acting on behalf of all of the authors, must accompany all manuscripts:

"The undersigned author transfers all copyright ownership of the manuscript (fill in the title of your manuscript) to The Journal of Orthodontic Science in the event the work is published. The undersigned author, original, is not under consideration for publication by another journal and has not been previously published. I sign for and accept responsibility for releasing this material on behalf of any and all coauthors.

Direct quotations, tables or images that have appeared elsewhere in copyrighted material must be accompanied by a signed release from the copyright owner. Complete information identifying the source must be provided.

## Patient Releases:

A signed release must be obtained for all images that contain identifiable patients or human subjects. The release is signed by the person or both living parents or the guardian of the minors. These releases must be submitted to the Corresponding Author. A cover letter must be submitted with the manuscript attesting to the fact that all applicable patient releases were obtained and are on file with the Corresponding Author. Each release on a separate page, include the manuscript title, all authors' names and contain a copy of the following statement signed by the patient:

"The authors certify that they have obtained all appropriate patient consent forms. In the form the patient(s) has/have given his/her/their consent for his/her/their images and other clinical information to be used and published. I understand that their names and initials will not be published and due efforts will be made to conceal their identity, but anonymity cannot be guaranteed."

## Article File

Articles must be original and written in clear English. The total article file must be entered as one document and must contain the Title, Abstract, Text, References, Tables and Figure Legends. The article must not exceed 3500 words. To determine the number of words in your document, go to the toolbar, click on tools and then click on word count. MS Word when preparing the manuscript is preferred.

Please remove all references to the author's identity or institutions, as manuscripts are peer reviewed anonymously.

Please enter only the following items in the Article File: The manuscript should be organized in the following sections (Double-spaced and start each section in a new page):

**1. Title of the Manuscript and Abstract** Structured abstract of 250 words or less is preferred. A structured abstract contains the following sections: **Objectives**, describing the problem; **Materials and Methods**, describing the procedure used to accomplish the work; **Results**, describe the primary results of the study; and **Conclusions**, report what can be drawn based on the results of this study. **Keywords**, Include at least 4 keywords.

**2. Introduction:** This section states the purpose of the research and includes a brief summary of the literature describing the current state of the field.

**3. Materials And Methods:** This section states exactly what was done and should enable others to reproduce the study. Materials or methods described elsewhere in the literature can be referenced with a page number. Teeth using the full name of the tooth or the FDI annotation. If human subjects or animals were involved in the work, this section must contain a statement that the rights of the human or animal subjects were obtained.

obtained from an identified institutional review board, or its equivalent. Express measurements in metric units, whenever practical. For those articles that report on the results of experiments of treatment used as the sample, Institutional Review Board (IRB)/ethical approval is mandatory. No experimental studies will be sent out for review without an IRB approval accompanying the manuscript submission. IRB approval and/or informed consent statements should be consistently applied. IRB approval and/or informed consent statements should be found in ALL articles having patient data, including the case reports. As per the best editorial practice, the IRB approval should include the IRB number that was attributed by the ethics committee; and the date of approval by the ethics committee. **For example**, "Ethical approval for this study (Ethical Committee N° NAC 207) was provided by the University Hospitals, Geneva, on 12 February 2007". Facial photos of human subjects (children and adults) should be obscured whenever possible to comply with publishing standards. For example, the eye portion but the part of the face which are not required to be shown in the research. Statistical analyses should be explained and justified. A statement should be added to this section to "when" and

**4. Results:** This section should describe the objective findings without any comment on their significance or relative importance. Cite all tables and figures in sequential order in the text.

**5. Discussion:** Only this section allows you freedom to interpret your data and to give your opinion of the value of your findings relative to previous work. All opinions must be limited to this section.

**6. Conclusion:** This section states what conclusions can be drawn specifically from the research reported. Bullet points are preferred. Do not repeat material from other sections. Conclusions should be

**7. References:** References cited must refer to published material. Avoid using Textbooks and abstracts. Number references consecutively in order of their appearance in the manuscript using superscript. "personal communication" or unpublished theses are not acceptable. References older than 2000 (year) should be updated to most recent. The style and punctuation of references should strictly conform to the Manual of Style: A Guide for Authors and Editors, 9th ed (Baltimore, Md: Williams & Wilkins; 1998). Consult previous issues of The Journal of Orthodontic Science for guidance (Available at <http://www.orthodonticscience.com>). Do not cite unpublished articles for the referencing style.

**9. Tables:** Tables should be self-explanatory and should supplement, not duplicate, the text. Number them with Arabic numerals, in the order they are mentioned in the text. Provide a brief title for each table. If a table is published, include a footnote in the table giving full credit to the original source and include written permission for its use from the copyright holder. Submit tables as text-based files (MS Word or Excel, for example) and number them consecutively in the text and placed at the end of the manuscript file (Tables should be included in the "article file"). Please provide exact p values for all significant differences, if possible. A p value of 0.000 is not acceptable. All abbreviations used in the table must be defined in a footnote. Abbreviations should be defined in full in the legend. Please make sure that table titles allow the table to stand alone or self explanatory.

**10. Figure Legends:** All figures must be numbered sequentially in the manuscript and a legend for each figure must appear in this section.

#### Tables:

Tables should be self-explanatory and should supplement, not duplicate, the text. Number them with Arabic numerals, in the order they are mentioned in the text. Provide a brief title for each. If a table is published, include a footnote in the table giving full credit to the original source and include written permission for its use from the copyright holder. Submit tables as text-based files (MS Word or Excel, for example) and number them consecutively in the text and placed at the end of the manuscript file (Tables should be included in the "article file"). All abbreviations used in the table must be defined in a footnote. For all significant differences, \*\*\*\*P=.0001 as needed.

#### Figures:

Each figure must be of sufficient resolution for high quality publication usually in JPEG, TIFF or EPS format. All images need to be at 300 DPI when the figure is of the size to be used in publication. If you reduce it to a much smaller size for publication, this will increase the DPI and the image will be very heavy and slow to open electronically. If you enter a small image (such as a 35 mm picture) and plan to enlarge it, it should be entered at more than 300 DPI since enlargement will only reduce the resolution. Figures in WORD or presentation software such as PowerPoint, Corel Draw or Harvard Graphics do not contain sufficient resolution and will not be accepted and may render the manuscript unacceptable.

#### Manuscript Review:

After completing the manuscript submission, you will receive automated responses from the system as the manuscript is processed. You may also follow the progress of your manuscript via the web site when you first entered the system. every effort will be made to expedite the review process.

Once your manuscript is peer reviewed, the reviewers' comments will be sent to you. Please allow adequate time for this process. Our automated system is instantaneous, but the reviewers are busy people and the review process may take longer than anticipated.

A manuscript returned to an author with suggested revisions must be returned within 3 weeks. Revised manuscripts returned after this time will be considered new submissions.

After the revisions are complete, an electronic copy of your galley proof will be sent to you for corrections and final approval. Expect the figures in the galley proof to be of low resolution for ease of transmission. Please ensure that your galley proof contain your high quality figures.

#### Clinical Trial Registry

The Journal of Orthodontic Science favours registration of clinical trials and is a signatory to the Statement on publishing clinical trials in Indian biomedical journals. The Journal of Orthodontic Science has been registered with a clinical trial registry that allows free online access to public. Registration in the following trial registers is acceptable: <http://www.ctri.in/>; <http://www.actr.org.au/> ; <http://www.clinicaltrials.gov/> ;<http://www.trialregister.nl/trialreg/index.asp> ; and <http://www.umin.ac.jp/ctr>. This is applicable to clinical trials that have begun enrolment of subjects in or after June 2008. Clinical trials that have commenced before June 2008 would be considered for publication in The Journal of Orthodontic Science only if they have been registered retrospectively with clinical trial registry that allows unhindered online access to public.

### Authorship Criteria

Authorship credit should be based only on substantial contributions to each of the three components mentioned below:

1. Concept and design of study or acquisition of data or analysis and interpretation of data;
2. Drafting the article or revising it critically for important intellectual content; and
3. Final approval of the version to be published.

Participation solely in the acquisition of funding or the collection of data does not justify authorship. General supervision of the research group is not sufficient for authorship. Each contributor should have and take public responsibility for appropriate portions of the content of the manuscript. The order of naming the contributors should be based on the relative contribution of the contributor towards the study. Once submitted the order cannot be changed without written consent of all the contributors. The journal prescribes a maximum number of authors for manuscripts depending upon the type of manuscript, its nature and the number of contributors involved (vide infra). The authors should provide a justification, if the number of authors exceeds these limits.

### Contribution Details

Contributors should provide a description of contributions made by each of them towards the manuscript. Description should be divided in following categories, as applicable: concept, design, definition, data collection, clinical studies, experimental studies, data acquisition, data analysis, statistical analysis, manuscript preparation, manuscript editing and manuscript review. One or more author should take responsibility for the manuscript as a whole from inception to published article and should be designated as 'guarantor'.

### Conflicts of Interest/ Competing Interests

All authors must disclose any and all conflicts of interest they may have with publication of the manuscript or an institution or product that is mentioned in the manuscript and/or is important to the outcome of the study. They should also disclose conflict of interest with products that compete with those mentioned in their manuscript.

### Submission of Manuscripts

All manuscripts must be submitted on-line through the website [here](#). First time users will have to register at this site. Registration is free but mandatory. Registered authors can keep track of their article through their user name and password.

The journal does not charge article submission fees.

The journal charges a publication fee of USD \$400 for accepted manuscripts from January 2018.

If you experience any problems, please contact the editorial office by e-mail at editor [AT] wjotcm . net

The submitted manuscripts that are not as per the “Instructions to Authors” would be returned to the authors for technical correction, before they undergo editorial/ peer-review. Generally, the manuscript should be submitted in two separate files:

#### [1] Title Page/First Page File/covering letter:

This file should provide

1. The type of manuscript (original article, case report, review article, Letter to editor, Images, etc.) title of the manuscript, running title, names of all authors/ contributors (with their highest academic qualification and name(s) of department(s) and/ or institution(s) to which the work should be credited, . All information which can reveal your identity should be here. Use text/rtf/doc files. Do not zip the files.
2. The total number of pages, total number of photographs and word counts separately for abstract and for the text (excluding the references, tables and abstract), word counts for introduction + discussion.
3. Source(s) of support in the form of grants, equipment, drugs, or all of these;
4. Acknowledgement, if any. One or more statements should specify 1) contributions that need acknowledging but do not justify authorship, such as general support by a departmental chair; 2) acknowledgment of the assistance of others in the preparation of the manuscript.

acknowledgments of financial and material support, which should specify the nature of the support. This should be included in the title page of the manuscript and not in the main article file.

5. If the manuscript was presented as part at a meeting, the organization, place, and exact date on which it was read. A full statement to the editor about all submissions and previous reports that led to the publication of the same or very similar work. Any such work should be referred to specifically, and referenced in the new paper. Copies of such material should be included with the submitted paper to help the editor handle the matter.
6. Registration number in case of a clinical trial and where it is registered (name of the registry and its URL)
7. Conflicts of Interest of each author/ contributor. A statement of financial or other relationships that might lead to a conflict of interest, if that information is not included in the manuscript itself or in a separate statement.
8. Criteria for inclusion in the authors'/ contributors' list
9. A statement that the manuscript has been read and approved by all the authors, that the requirements for authorship as stated earlier in this document have been met, and that each author believes in the honesty of their own and others' work, if that information is not provided in another form (see below); and
10. The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the corresponding author, who is responsible for communicating with the other authors about revisions and final approval of the proofs, if that information is not included in the manuscript itself.

[2] **Blinded Article file:** The main text of the article, beginning from Abstract till References (including tables) should be in this file. The file must not contain any mention of the authors' names or initials, acknowledgments, or acknowledgements. Page headers/running title can include the title but not the authors' names. Manuscripts not in compliance with the Journal's blinding policy will be returned to the contributor. The file must be named "Blinded Article file". **Limit the file size to 1 MB.** Do not incorporate images in the file. If file size is large, graphs can be submitted as images separately without incorporating them in the article file to reduce the size of the file. Images should be numbered consecutively, beginning with the first page of the blinded article file.

[3] **Images:** Submit good quality color images. **Each image should be less than 2 MB in size.** Size of the image can be reduced by decreasing the actual height and width of the images (keep up to 1000 pixels). Images can be submitted as jpeg files. Do not zip the files. Legends for the figures/images should be included at the end of the article file.

[4] **The contributors' / copyright transfer form** (template provided below) has to be submitted in original with the signatures of all the contributors within two weeks of submission via courier, fax or email. Hard copies of the images (one set) or digital images should be sent to the journal office at the time of submitting revised manuscript. High resolution images (up to 5 MB each) can be sent by email.

Contributors' form / copyright transfer form can be submitted online from the authors' area on [here](#).

## Preparation of Manuscripts

**Manuscripts must be prepared in accordance with "Uniform requirements for Manuscripts submitted to Biomedical Journals" developed by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. The uniform requirements and specific requirement of The Journal of Orthodontic Science are summarized below. Before submitting a manuscript, contributors are requested to check for the latest version of the uniform requirements.**

**Instructions are also available from the website of the journal ([www.wjtcn.net](http://www.wjtcn.net)) and from the manuscript submission site [here](#).**

**The Journal of Orthodontic Science accepts manuscripts written in American English. Submission of a letter or certificate from a Professional English Editing agency for grammar and spelling is recommended.**

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## Types of Manuscripts



### Original articles:

These include randomized controlled trials, intervention studies, studies of screening and diagnostic test, outcome studies, cost effectiveness analyses, case-control series, and surveys with high response rates. Manuscripts amounting to up to 3000 words (excluding Abstract, references and Tables) should be divided into sections with the headings Abstract, Key-words, Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, and Conclusions. Legends for figures and tables should be included at the end of the article file.

**Introduction:** State the purpose and summarize the rationale for the study or observation.

**Materials and Methods:** It should include and describe the following aspects:

**Ethics:** When reporting studies on human beings, indicate whether the procedures followed were in accordance with the ethical standards of the responsible committee on human experimentation (institutional or national) or Helsinki Declaration of 1975, as revised in 2000 (available at [http://www.wma.net/e/policy/17-c\\_e.html](http://www.wma.net/e/policy/17-c_e.html)). For prospective studies involving human participants, authors are expected to mention about approval by the institutional or independent Ethics Committee or Review Board, obtaining informed consent from adult research participants and obtaining assent for children aged over 7 years participating in the trial. The age below 7 years should be mentioned.

could vary as per regional and/ or national guidelines. Ensure confidentiality of subjects by desisting from mentioning participants' names, initials or hospital numbers, especially in illustrative material. Where appropriate, indicate whether the institution's or a national research council's guide for, or any national law on the care and use of laboratory animals was followed. Evidence for approval by a local Ethics Committee (for both human as well as animal studies) must be supplied by the authors on demand. Animal experimental procedures should be as humane as possible and analgesics used should be clearly stated. The ethical standards of experiments must be in accordance with the guidelines provided by the CPCSEA and World Medical Association Declaration of Helsinki (Research Involving Humans for studies involving experimental animals and human beings, respectively). The journal will not consider any paper which is ethically unacceptable. A statement on ethics of research practices must be included in all research articles under the 'Materials and Methods' section.

### **Study design:**

*Selection and Description of Participants:* Describe your selection of the observational or experimental participants (patients or laboratory animals, including controls) clearly, including eligibility and exclusion criteria, source population. *Technical information:* Identify the methods, apparatus (give the manufacturer's name and address in parentheses), and procedures in sufficient detail to allow other workers to reproduce the established methods, including statistical methods (see below); provide references and brief descriptions for methods that have been published but are not well known; describe new or substantially modified methods, and evaluate their limitations. Identify precisely all drugs and chemicals used, including generic name(s), dose(s), and route(s) of administration.

Reports of randomized clinical trials should present information on all major study elements, including the protocol, assignment of interventions (methods of randomization, concealment of allocation to treatment groups, masking (blinding)), based on the CONSORT Statement (<http://www.consort-statement.org>).

### **Reporting Guidelines for Specific Study Designs**

<b>Initiative</b>	<b>Type of Study</b>	<b>Source</b>
CONSORT	Randomized controlled trials	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org">http://www.consort-statement.org</a>
STARD	Studies of diagnostic accuracy	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org/stardstatement.htm">http://www.consort-statement.org/stardstatement.htm</a>
QUOROM	Systematic reviews and meta-analyses	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf">http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf</a>
STROBE	Observational studies in epidemiology	<a href="http://www.strobe-statement.org">http://www.strobe-statement.org</a>
MOOSE	Meta-analyses of observational studies in epidemiology	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf">http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf</a>

*Statistics:* Whenever possible quantify findings and present them with appropriate indicators of measurement error or uncertainty (such as confidence intervals). Authors should report losses to observation (dropouts, dropouts from analysis, dropouts from follow-up, dropouts from trial). When data are summarized in the Results section, specify the statistical methods used to analyze them. Avoid non-technical uses of technical terms in statistics, such as 'random' (which implies a random process), 'significant', 'correlations', and 'sample'. Define statistical terms, abbreviations, and most symbols. Specify the computer software used. Use upper italics (*P* 0.048). For all *P* values include the exact value (e.g. *P* 0.001). Mean differences in continuous variables, proportions in categorical variables and relative risks including odds ratios and hazard ratios should be accompanied by their confidence intervals.

*Results:* Present your results in a logical sequence in the text, tables, and illustrations, giving the main or most important findings first. Do not repeat in the text all the data in the tables or illustrations; e.g. do not repeat all the observations. Extra- or supplementary materials and technical detail can be placed in an appendix where it will be accessible but will not interrupt the flow of the text; alternatively, it can be published on the journal's website.

When data are summarized in the Results section, give numeric results not only as derivatives (for example, percentages) but also as the absolute numbers from which the derivatives were calculated, and the statistical methods used to analyze them. Restrict tables and figures to those needed to explain the argument of the paper and to assess its support. Use graphs as an alternative to tables with many entries; do not duplicate tables. Where scientifically appropriate, analyses of the data by variables such as age and sex should be included.

Discussion: Include summary of *key findings* (primary outcome measures, secondary outcome measures, results as they relate to a prior hypothesis); *Strengths and limitations* of the study (study question, analysis and interpretation); *Interpretation and implications* in the context of the totality of evidence (is there a systematic review to refer to, if not, could one be reasonably done here and now?, what the effects on patient care and health policy, possible mechanisms); *Controversies* raised by this study; and *Future research directions* (for this particular research collaboration, underlying mechanisms, clinical implications). Do not repeat in detail data or other material given in the Introduction or the Results section. In particular, contributors should avoid making statements on economic benefits and costs unless their manuscript includes such analyses. Avoid claiming priority and alluding to work that has not been completed. New hypotheses may be stated if needed, however they should be clearly labeled as such. About 30 references can be included. Manuscripts should not have more than six authors.

**Review Articles:**

It is expected that these articles would be written by individuals who have done substantial work on the subject or are considered experts in the field. A short summary of the work done by the contributors should accompany the manuscript.

The prescribed word count is up to 3000 words excluding tables, references and abstract. The manuscript may have about 90 references. The manuscript should have an unstructured Abstract (250 words) which is 10% of the article. The section titles would depend upon the topic reviewed. Authors submitting review article should include a section describing the methods used for locating, selecting, extracting, and synthesizing the literature. This section also be summarized in the abstract.

The journal expects the contributors to give post-publication updates on the subject of review. The update should be brief, covering the advances in the field after the publication of the article and should be submitted when major development occurs in the field.

**Case reports:**

New, interesting and rare cases can be reported. They should be unique, describing a great diagnostic or therapeutic challenge and providing a learning point for the readers. Cases with clinical significance should be given priority. These communications could be of up to 1000 words (excluding Abstract and references) and should have the following headings: Abstract (unstructured), Key-words, Introduction, Case report, Discussion, Legends in that order.

The manuscript could be of up to 1000 words (excluding references and abstract) and could be supported with up to 10 references. Case Reports could be authored by up to four authors.

**Letter to the Editor:**

These should be short and decisive observations. They should preferably be related to articles previously published in the Journal or views expressed in the journal. They should not be preliminary observations requiring validation. The letter could have up to 500 words and 5 references. It could be generally authored by not more than four authors.

**Other:**

Editorial, Guest Editorial, Commentary and Opinion are solicited by the editorial board.

**References**

References should be *numbered* consecutively in the order in which they are first mentioned in the text (not in alphabetic order). Identify references in text, tables, and legends by Arabic numerals in subsequent text. Use punctuation marks. References cited only in tables or figure legends should be numbered in accordance with the sequence established by the first identification in the text of the particular table or figure. References should be based on the formats used by the NLM in *Index Medicus*. The titles of journals should be abbreviated according to the style used in Index Medicus. Use complete name of the journal for non-abbreviated references. Information from manuscripts submitted but not accepted should be cited in the text as "unpublished observations" with written permission from the source. Avoid citing a "personal communication" unless the information not available from a public source, in which case the name of the person and date of communication should be cited in parentheses in the text.

The commonly cited types of references are shown here, for other types of references such as newspaper items please refer to ICMJE Guidelines (<http://www.icmje.org> or <http://www.nlm.nih.gov/bsd/unpublished.html>)

*Articles in Journals*

1. Standard journal article (for up to six authors): Parija S C, Ravinder PT, Shariff M. Detection of hydatid antigen in the fluid samples from hydatid cysts by co-agglutination. Trans. R.Soc. Trop. Med. Hyg. 1998; 92: 101-102.
2. Standard journal article (for more than six authors): List the first six contributors followed by *et al.*

Roddy P, Goiri J, Flevaud L, Palma PP, Morote S, Lima N. *et al.*, Field Evaluation of a Rapid Immunochromatographic Assay for Detection of *Trypanosoma cruzi* Infection by Use of Whole Blood. J. Clin. Microbiol. 2009; 47: 101-105.

1. Volume with supplement: Otranto D, Capelli G, Genchi C: Changing distribution patterns of canine vector borne diseases in Italy: leishmaniosis vs. dirofilariosis. *Parasites & Vectors* 2009; Supplement 1: 1-10.

*Books and Other Monographs*

1. Personal author(s): Parija SC. Textbook of Medical Parasitology. 3rd ed. All India Publishers and Distributors. 2008.

2. Editor(s), compiler(s) as author: Garcia LS, Filarial Nematodes In: Garcia LS (editor) Diagnostic Medical Parasitology ASM press Washington DC 2007: pp 319-356.
3. Chapter in a book: Nesheim M C. Ascariasis and human nutrition. *In* Ascariasis and its prevention and control, D. W. T. Crompton, M. C. Nesbemi, and Z. S. Pawlowski (eds.). Taylor and Francis

#### Electronic Sources as reference

Journal article on the Internet: Parija SC, Khairnar K. Detection of excretory *Entamoeba histolytica* DNA in the urine, and detection of *E. histolytica* DNA and lectin antigen in the liver abscess pus for the. *BMC Microbiology* 2007, **7**:41.doi:10.1186/1471-2180-7-41. <http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2180/7/41>

#### Tables

- Tables should be self-explanatory and should not duplicate textual material.
- Tables with more than 10 columns and 25 rows are not acceptable.
- Number tables, in Arabic numerals, consecutively in the order of their first citation in the text and supply a brief title for each.
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#### Illustrations (Figures)

- Upload the images in JPEG format. The file size should be within 1024 kb in size while uploading.
- Figures should be numbered consecutively according to the order in which they have been first cited in the text.
- Labels, numbers, and symbols should be clear and of uniform size. The lettering for figures should be large enough to be legible after reduction to fit the width of a printed column.
- Symbols, arrows, or letters used in photomicrographs should contrast with the background and should be marked neatly with transfer type or by tissue overlay and not by pen.
- Titles and detailed explanations belong in the legends for illustrations not on the illustrations themselves.
- When graphs, scatter-grams or histograms are submitted the numerical data on which they are based should also be supplied.
- The photographs and figures should be trimmed to remove all the unwanted areas.
- If photographs of individuals are used, their pictures must be accompanied by written permission to use the photograph.
- If a figure has been published elsewhere, acknowledge the original source and submit written permission from the copyright holder to reproduce the material. A credit line should appear in the legend.
- Legends for illustrations: Type or print out legends (maximum 40 words, excluding the credit line) for illustrations using double spacing, with Arabic numerals corresponding to the illustrations. Where letters are used to identify parts of the illustrations, identify and explain each one in the legend. Explain the internal scale (magnification) and identify the method of staining in photomicrographs.
- Final figures for print production: Send sharp, glossy, un-mounted, color photographic prints, with height of 4 inches and width of 6 inches at the time of submitting the revised manuscript. Print color is acceptable. If digital images are the only source of images, ensure that the image has minimum resolution of 300 dpi or 1800 x 1600 pixels in TIFF format. Send the images on a CD. Each figure should be mounted on a piece of liquid gum for pasting) on its back indicating the number of the figure, the running title, top of the figure and the legends of the figure. Do not write the contributor/s' name/s. Do not write on the back of the figure by using paper clips.
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2) If the manuscript contains patient images that preclude anonymity, or a description that has obvious indication to the identity of the patient, a statement about obtaining informed patient consent should be included.

#### Preparation of Manuscripts

Manuscripts must be prepared in accordance with "Uniform requirements for Manuscripts submitted to Biomedical Journals" developed by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (October 2007) and specific requirement of The Journal of Orthodontic Science are summarized below. Before submitting a manuscript, contributors are requested to check for the latest instructions available. Instructions of the journal ([www.wjtcn.net](http://www.wjtcn.net)) and from the manuscript submission site [here](#).

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**Types of Manuscripts**

**Original articles:**

These include randomized controlled trials, intervention studies, studies of screening and diagnostic test, outcome studies, cost effectiveness analyses, case-control series, and surveys with high response rates. Manuscripts amounting to up to 3000 words (excluding Abstract, references and Tables) should be divided into sections with the headings Abstract, Key-words, Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, and Legends.

**Introduction:** State the purpose and summarize the rationale for the study or observation.

**Materials and Methods:** It should include and describe the following aspects:

**Ethics:** When reporting studies on human beings, indicate whether the procedures followed were in accordance with the ethical standards of the responsible committee on human experimentation (institutional review board) (IRB), Helsinki Declaration of 1975, as revised in 2000 ([http://www.wma.net/e/policy/17-c\\_e.html](http://www.wma.net/e/policy/17-c_e.html)). For prospective studies involving human participants, authors are expected to mention the approval by an independent Ethics Committee or Review Board, obtaining informed consent from adult research participants and obtaining assent for children aged over 7 years participating in the trial. The age beyond which assent is required could vary as per regional and/ or national guidelines. Ensure confidentiality of subjects by desisting from mentioning participants' names, initials or hospital numbers, especially in illustrative material. Verify that you indicate whether the institution's or a national research council's guide for, or any national law on the care and use of laboratory animals was followed.

Evidence for approval by a local Ethics Committee (for both human as well as animal studies) must be supplied by the authors on demand. Animal experimental procedures should be as humane as possible and analgesics used should be clearly stated. The ethical standards of experiments must be in accordance with the guidelines provided by the CPCSEA and World Medical Association Declaration of Helsinki (1964) and its amendments (Research Involving Humans for studies involving experimental animals and human beings, respectively). The journal will not consider any paper which is ethically unacceptable. A statement on ethics of research practices must be included in all research articles under the 'Materials and Methods' section.

**Study design:**

**Selection and Description of Participants:** Describe your selection of the observational or experimental participants (patients or laboratory animals, including controls) clearly, including eligibility and exclusion criteria and source population. **Technical information:** Identify the methods, apparatus (give the manufacturer's name and address in parentheses), and procedures in sufficient detail to allow other workers to reproduce the study. Describe established methods, including statistical methods (see below); provide references and brief descriptions for methods that have been published but are not well known; describe new or substantially modified methods, and evaluate their limitations. Identify precisely all drugs and chemicals used, including generic name(s), dose(s), and route(s) of administration.

Reports of randomized clinical trials should present information on all major study elements, including the protocol, assignment of interventions (methods of randomization, concealment of allocation to treatment groups, masking (blinding)), based on the CONSORT Statement (<http://www.consort-statement.org>).

**Reporting Guidelines for Specific Study Designs**

Initiative	Type of Study	Source
CONSORT	Randomized controlled trials	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org">http://www.consort-statement.org</a>
	Studies of	

STARD	diagnostic accuracy	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org/stardstatement.htm">http://www.consort-statement.org/stardstatement.htm</a>
QUOROM	Systematic reviews and meta-analyses	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf">http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf</a>
STROBE	Observational studies in epidemiology	<a href="http://www.strobe-statement.org">http://www.strobe-statement.org</a>
MOOSE	Meta-analyses of observational studies in epidemiology	<a href="http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf">http://www.consort-statement.org/Initiatives/MOOSE/moose.pdf</a>

**Statistics:** Whenever possible quantify findings and present them with appropriate indicators of measurement error or uncertainty (such as confidence intervals). Authors should report losses to observational trial). When data are summarized in the Results section, specify the statistical methods used to analyze them. Avoid non-technical uses of technical terms in statistics, such as 'random' (which implies a 'significant', 'correlations', and 'sample'. Define statistical terms, abbreviations, and most symbols. Specify the computer software used. Use upper italics (*P* 0.048). For all *P* values include the exact value to 0.001. Mean differences in continuous variables, proportions in categorical variables and relative risks including odds ratios and hazard ratios should be accompanied by their confidence intervals.

**Results:** Present your results in a logical sequence in the text, tables, and illustrations, giving the main or most important findings first. Do not repeat in the text all the data in the tables or illustrations; e.g. observations. Extra- or supplementary materials and technical detail can be placed in an appendix where it will be accessible but will not interrupt the flow of the text; alternatively, it can be published on a separate journal.

When data are summarized in the Results section, give numeric results not only as derivatives (for example, percentages) but also as the absolute numbers from which the derivatives were calculated, used to analyze them. Restrict tables and figures to those needed to explain the argument of the paper and to assess its support. Use graphs as an alternative to tables with many entries; do not duplicate scientifically appropriate, analyses of the data by variables such as age and sex should be included.

**Discussion:** Include summary of *key findings* (primary outcome measures, secondary outcome measures, results as they relate to a prior hypothesis); *Strengths and limitations* of the study (study question, analysis and interpretation); *Interpretation and implications* in the context of the totality of evidence (is there a systematic review to refer to, if not, could one be reasonably done here and now?, what the effects on patient care and health policy, possible mechanisms); *Controversies* raised by this study; and *Future research directions* (for this particular research collaboration, underlying mechanisms, clinical implications). Do not repeat in detail data or other material given in the Introduction or the Results section. In particular, contributors should avoid making statements on economic benefits and costs unless their main analyses. Avoid claiming priority and alluding to work that has not been completed. New hypotheses may be stated if needed, however they should be clearly labeled as such. About 30 references can be included. References should not have more than six authors.

**Review Articles:**

It is expected that these articles would be written by individuals who have done substantial work on the subject or are considered experts in the field. A short summary of the work done by the contributors should accompany the manuscript.

The prescribed word count is up to 3000 words excluding tables, references and abstract. The manuscript may have about 90 references. The manuscript should have an unstructured Abstract (250 words) at the beginning of the article. The section titles would depend upon the topic reviewed. Authors submitting review article should include a section describing the methods used for locating, selecting, extracting, and synthesizing information. This section also be summarized in the abstract.

The journal expects the contributors to give post-publication updates on the subject of review. The update should be brief, covering the advances in the field after the publication of the article and should be submitted when major development occurs in the field.

**Case reports:**

New, interesting and rare cases can be reported. They should be unique, describing a great diagnostic or therapeutic challenge and providing a learning point for the readers. Cases with clinical significance should be given priority. These communications could be of up to 1000 words (excluding Abstract and references) and should have the following headings: Abstract (unstructured), Key-words, Introduction, Case report, Discussion, Legends in that order.

The manuscript could be of up to 1000 words (excluding references and abstract) and could be supported with up to 10 references. Case Reports could be authored by up to four authors.

#### **Letter to the Editor:**

These should be short and decisive observations. They should preferably be related to articles previously published in the Journal or views expressed in the journal. They should not be preliminary observations requiring validation. The letter could have up to 500 words and 5 references. It could be generally authored by not more than four authors.

#### **Other:**

Editorial, Guest Editorial, Commentary and Opinion are solicited by the editorial board.

#### **References**

References should be *numbered* consecutively in the order in which they are first mentioned in the text (not in alphabetic order). *Identify references in text*, tables, and legends by Arabic numerals in *superscript* punctuation marks. *References cited only* in tables or figure legends should be numbered in accordance with the sequence established by the first identification in the text of the particular table or figure which are based on the formats used by the NLM in *Index Medicus*. The titles of journals *should be abbreviated* according to the style used in Index Medicus. Use complete name of the journal for non-serial references. Information from manuscripts submitted but not accepted should be cited in the text as "unpublished observations" with written permission from the source. Avoid citing a "personal communication" if the information not available from a public source, in which case the name of the person and date of communication should be cited in parentheses in the text.

The commonly cited types of references are shown here, for other types of references such as newspaper items please refer to ICMJE Guidelines (<http://www.icmje.org> or <http://www.nlm.nih.gov/bsd/units/>)

#### *Articles in Journals*

1. Standard journal article (for up to six authors): Parija S C, Ravinder PT, Shariff M. Detection of hydatid antigen in the fluid samples from hydatid cysts by co-agglutination. *Trans. R.Soc. Trop. Med. Hyg.* 2007; **11**: 1-4.
2. Standard journal article (for more than six authors): List the first six contributors followed by *et al.*

Roddy P, Goiri J, Flevaud L, Palma PP, Morote S, Lima N. *et al.*, Field Evaluation of a Rapid Immunochromatographic Assay for Detection of *Trypanosoma cruzi* Infection by Use of Whole Blood. *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 2009; **47**: 123-127.

1. Volume with supplement: Otranto D, Capelli G, Genchi C: Changing distribution patterns of canine vector borne diseases in Italy: leishmaniosis vs. dirofilariosis. *Parasites & Vectors* 2009; Supplement 1: 1-4.

#### *Books and Other Monographs*

1. Personal author(s): Parija SC. Textbook of Medical Parasitology. 3rd ed. All India Publishers and Distributors. 2008.
2. Editor(s), compiler(s) as author: Garcia LS, Filarial Nematodes In: Garcia LS (editor) Diagnostic Medical Parasitology ASM press Washington DC 2007: pp 319-356.
3. Chapter in a book: Nesheim M C. Ascariasis and human nutrition. *In* Ascariasis and its prevention and control, D. W. T. Crompton, M. C. Nesbemi, and Z. S. Pawlowski (eds.). Taylor and Francis 2004: pp 1-10.

#### *Electronic Sources as reference*

Journal article on the Internet: Parija SC, Khairnar K. Detection of excretory *Entamoeba histolytica* DNA in the urine, and detection of *E. histolytica* DNA and lectin antigen in the liver abscess pus for the first time. *BMC Microbiology* 2007, **7**:41. doi:10.1186/1471-2180-7-41. <http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2180/7/41>

#### **Tables**

- Tables should be self-explanatory and should not duplicate textual material.
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The revised version of the manuscript should be submitted online in a manner similar to that used for submission of the manuscript for the first time. However, there is no need to submit the “First Page Cover Sheet” when submitting a revised version. When submitting a revised manuscript, contributors are requested to include, the ‘referees’ remarks along with point to point clarification at the beginning in the revised file. Please mark the changes as underlined or colored text in the article.

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- Signed by all contributors
- Previous publication / presentations mentioned
- Source of funding mentioned
- Conflicts of interest disclosed

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- Last name and given name provided along with Middle name initials (where applicable)
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- No repetition of data in tables and graphs and in text
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